

CITY OF KISHINEFF A BLAZING RUIN 1,000 KILLED IN YESTERDAY'S RIOTS

JEWS CHIEF VICTIMS OF THE MOB

Ten Thousand Wounded Yesterday in Provinces.

TEMPORARY LULL IN TERROR-STRICKEN CAPITAL

Announcement of Cessation of Strike Has Little Effect on Lawlessness.

Finnish Movement Growing.

Dispatches from Russia are very meager owing to the disturbed condition of the country. The situation in St. Petersburg, where order is maintained by a show of armed force, remains critical, though improvement is shown in the resumption of operations by electric lighting plants.

By communication by rail with the frontier cities come reports of conflicts in which Jews appear to be the principal sufferers. In Kiev the loss of life and property has been very great. In Theodosia, Koztrama and Saratoff the disorders have been most serious. There is an unconfirmed report that Kishineff has been totally destroyed by fire.

A London newspaper's St. Petersburg correspondent estimates that in the leading fifty provincial towns of Russia one thousand persons have been killed and 10,000 seriously wounded in the last 24 hours. The revolutionary movement in Finland is unchecked. The Finnish national guard is opposing the advance of Russian troops, compelling them to retire.

UNCONFIRMED REPORT SAYS KISHINEFF IS IN ASHES

London, Nov. 3.—All Russian dispatches are still suffering considerable telegraphic delay. Apparently the text of the amnesty ukaz has not yet been published. It is expected that it will be today, but possibly its publication may be postponed until Sunday. Many correspondents in Odessa and elsewhere report danger and difficulty attending the dispatch of their reports, and they are obliged to seek the aid and protection of the military. All dispatches received here go to confirm the continued seriousness of the situation throughout Russia, especially the anti-Jewish excesses.

The Daily Mail's Odessa correspondent gives an unconfirmed report that Kishineff has been absolutely destroyed by fire. He says that the three suburbs of Odessa, Pervomay, Zastava and Moldavanka, have been completely devastated. The Kiev correspondent of the same paper says that the British consulate has been riddled with bullets. The situation there, he adds, however, is improving, but during the riot bands of rowdies stopped everybody in carriages or on foot and compelled all to say they were not Jews before permitting them to go on. Ladies' dresses were torn open to discover if they were wearing crosses. The British consul was stopped by soldiers with leveled rifles, who, however, merely threatened to wreck the house of a wealthy Jew. Nearly all the houses and shops display ikons and other Christian emblems.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from St. Petersburg states that Prince Obolensky has been appointed to replace M. Pobedonostsev as chief procurator of the Holy Synod.

The Daily Telegraph's Odessa correspondent also reports Kishineff in flames.

QUIET REIGNS AGAIN IN RUSSIAN CAPITAL

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—All is quiet here. There is no attempt at holding processions and the Cossack patrols are everywhere. Shops have been barricaded and railway communication with the frontier has not yet been restored. The newspapers will appear tomorrow, and the electric lighting plant here has been again put in operation.

Today Count Witte and Prince Obolensky received the leaders of the progressive constitutional party, including prominent members of the municipality.

Anti-Jewish disorders are reported from Theodosia, where a number of Jews and others were killed and wounded. In a revolutionary outbreak in Koztrama, many were killed and wounded. Riots and anti-Jewish outrages occurred at Saratoff, where many shops were plundered. A however, during a conflict between soldiers and rioters and several were wounded.

A dispatch from Rostoff-on-Don, gives the official figures of Wednesday's rioting as 34 killed and 159 severely wounded.

CHILDREN AND AGED BARBAROUSLY MURDERED

Berlin, Nov. 3.—The Tagessblatt prints the following dispatch from the Jewish owner of three houses in Kiev:

"Anti-Jewish excesses have been raging here for three days and all Jewish shops and many private houses have been totally destroyed. The number of Jewish victims is large and children and old people have been barbarously murdered, while the military and police looked on with cynicism. The red flag. Many persons were killed."

GREAT RUSSIAN CITY WHICH IS ONE OF STORM CENTERS IN PRESENT VAST UPRISING AGAINST AUTOCRACY



MOSCOW—THE KREMLIN—GATE OF OUR LADY OF IBERIA

PIERSON WAS TIED TO THE RAILS

According to Trend of Evidence of Students.

SEARCHING INVESTIGATION INTO KENYON HAZING

Severe Cross-Examination of Fraternity Men and President Continued by Coroner.

Mount Vernon, Nov. 3.—Having secured testimony that at least one victim of hazing at Kenyon college, Paul Barber, and possibly others, had been tied to the railroad tracks, the investigation into the death of Young Stewart Pierson was continued today by the coroner.

Pierson was killed Saturday night by a locomotive at Gambier, in circumstances which suggested that he might have been tied to the rails. Tuesday's testimony in the Pierson inquest developed the fact that the boy was laying prostrate on the track when the engine struck him. The witnesses examined were President Pierce of Kenyon college; Henry Beam, a student, and W. H. Stamp, a round house employee who cleaned the engine after its arrival at Mount Vernon. Previous evidence that it was the custom of the fraternity men to tie candidates to the tracks, was corroborated in today's testimony.

President Pierce's examination lasted over two hours, and was severe. He said he saw marks on the body described as rope marks, but believed them to be only part of the injuries inflicted by a locomotive. A week before his death, Pierson, it was brought out in the examination, was compelled by fraternity men to crawl the length of the village, goaded behind by men with sticks and clubs, and that this treatment developed deep abrasions on his knees. The charges which Dr. Workman placed about the sores were on the body when it was found.

FRANCE PREPARING TO STARTLE MR. CASTRO

FRENCH WARSHIPS ON WAY TO VENEZUELA TO MAKE DEMONSTRATION.

Port de France, Martinique, Nov. 3.—The French armored cruiser Desaix, Admiral Bevoe de La Peyrere, which sailed from Cherbourg October 15, arrived here this morning and is now coaling.

There are two other French cruisers here, the Trousse and the Jurien de la Graviere.

A dispatch from Paris October 16 said that the departure of the Desaix for Martinique inaugurated the preparation for dealing with the Venezuelan question with a strong hand if President Castro persisted in his course against France.

The Jurien de la Graviere is a second class cruiser and the Trousse a third class cruiser.

FIFTEEN JEWISH STORES BURNED TO THE GROUND

Romny, Russia, Nov. 3.—During the pillage of Jewish stores which lasted until yesterday morning, fifteen stores were burned to the ground and many were sacked. Riots began when the crowd killed a rich merchant, who refused to take off his hat to the red flag. Many persons were killed.

FAMOUS ARCHITECT FALLS TO DEATH FROM WINDOW

Louis Theodore Levy Killed in San Francisco.

PTOMAIN POISONING MAY HAVE CAUSED ACCIDENT

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 3.—Dazed by an illness which he had crossed the continent to conquer, Louis Theodore Levy, a distinguished French architect, with offices in New York, either fell or jumped today from a window of a flat on McAllister street, and was crushed to death on the cement sidewalk forty feet below.

During the summer Levy had been in the city assisting Dr. H. Burnham in his plans for the beautification of San Francisco. About two weeks ago, after he had returned to New York, his brother, Henry Levy, received a letter from him, stating that he was threatened with serious illness and wished to come back to the east.

Henry made the trip to the eastern city, and the two reached San Francisco last night, going to the residence of a distant relative, Lucien Levy. During the evening the architect complained of his condition, which he thought was the result of ptomaine poisoning. He seemed perfectly rational.

This morning his brother was awakened by a cry and a crash. Springing to a window he saw his brother's body on the sidewalk below. He believed that Louis went to the window for air, lost his balance and fell out.

Louis Levy was a native of France, aged 37 years, a pupil of Henri, the architect nearly a year and was afterward came to this country as assistant to E. Bernard, who won the Phoebe Hearst competition for the University of California plans. He remained at Berkeley nearly a year and was associated with the department of design at the St. Louis exposition.

ACCUSED CASHIER DEMURS TO INDICTMENT

HENRY G. GOLL OF MILWAUKEE SAYS HE WAS KEPT IN IGNORANCE BY BANK PRESIDENT.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 3.—Henry C. Goll, former assistant cashier of the First National bank, indicted for embezzlement of the funds of the bank in connection with Frank G. Bigelow has filed a demurrer to certain counts in the indictments under which he is held. To do so he will withdraw his plea of not guilty, entered on June 12. The demurrer contains the significant declaration that Goll can prove by Bigelow that the bills of exchange dated January 30, 1905, and December 14, 1905, on which the first and second counts of the indictment are based, were drawn by him "under authority of the bank directors, communicated by Bigelow, and that, instead of abetting Bigelow in the other transactions, he was carefully kept in ignorance by the bank president of the nature of the accounts he was called upon to perform."

Woman May Have Been Murdered.

New York, Nov. 3.—Coroner Scholer, following the autopsy on the body of Mrs. Marguerite Todd, the rich woman who was found dead on the Reading tracks near Philadelphia a week ago, today said the woman could not possibly have been struck by the passenger train. He said she could have easily been killed by some heavy weight falling on her while she was inert, or by the pressing of a knee. The autopsy showed that her ribs had been fractured, together with her breast bone. Her clothing had not been disarranged, as would have been the case if struck by a train.

PRIVATE CAR LINE MAGNATES REFUSE TO GIVE INFORMATION

Robbins and Sproule Look Wise and Say Nothing.

COMMERCE COMMISSION HEARING ADJOURNS SINE DIE

Washington, Nov. 3.—President Robbins of the Armour car lines and Traffic Manager Sproule, of the Southern Pacific company, declined to answer a question put to them by the interstate commerce commission in the private car line inquiry today, both acting under instructions of their counsel. The examination of Mr. Robbins was intended to show that the Armour car line, through Armour and company, or other concerns controlled by the same interests, is engaged in business other than that of leasing cars to railroads and refrigerating perishable shipments. Mr. Sproule was examined regarding an alleged "pooling contract" between the Southern Pacific and other California railroads. When the information was denied to the committee it was announced that the hearings would be adjourned indefinitely. No action was taken regarding the declarations.

Reputation of Physician Charged With Death of Susan Geary

Theory of Police Is That in Desperate Effort to Conceal Evidence of Operation He Disembodied the Body.

Boston, Nov. 3.—Following a brief conversation by officers over the long distance telephone, the scene of development in the famous suit case mystery, has shifted from New York back to Boston. Dr. Percy D. McLeod, a reputable physician of the Back Bay district, was arrested today on the charge of performing an illegal operation on Susan Geary, the Cambridge chorus girl, whose remains were found in two suit cases in the waters of Boston harbor.

Through the confession of Louis Crawford and William Howard, the two men arrested in New York yesterday, the authorities received evidence which in their opinion warranted the arrest of Dr. McLeod this afternoon. It is alleged that Dr. McLeod was called into the case after the first operation was performed in the Tremont street office, and that he performed a second operation of a desperate nature in the vain attempt to save the life of the young woman. Miss Geary failed to recover, it is alleged, and Dr. McLeod in an effort to conceal the crime dismembered the body.

Dr. McLeod will be arraigned in court tomorrow. No sum has been set tonight as the amount of his bail bond has not yet been fixed. Dr. McLeod stated that owing to the gravity of the charges, a large bond would be necessary.

Morris Nathan, the lover of Miss Geary, who has been arrested in Pittsburg last Sunday night and brought to this city in a state of collapse, is gradually recovering at the city hospital, where he was taken on his arrival here but is not yet in a condition to be brought into court.

Nathan will probably be arraigned in court Monday.

While at first the police were of the opinion that Nathan was directly connected with the case, they now say that Nathan conducted the negotiation with the proprietors of the Tremont street establishment, and the place with which Crawford was connected, and that he was fully aware of the result of the operation.

Tonight the police directed their efforts toward locating another man formerly connected with the Tremont street office.

Two Hundred Girls and Fifty Men Have Narrow Escape IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 3.—Two hundred girls and fifty men at work in Frederick Neff's paper box factory at King and Greenwich streets were thrown into a panic tonight by a fire which completely destroyed the building.

So quickly did the flames spread that less than fifty of the young women had time to get out by the stairs. The rest were rescued by firemen, who carried them down ladders to the street.

All escaped unhurt. The total damage was estimated at \$140,000.

To Stave Off "Tariff War."

Washington, Nov. 3.—Baron Von Stuenkel, German ambassador in Mexico, is expected to present in a few days to the state department a basis upon which the government is willing to enter upon negotiations with the United States government for a new trade treaty or some kind of an arrangement that will stave off the dreaded "tariff war," which otherwise the department officials fear must begin within four months. Nothing is officially known as to the substance of Baron Stuenkel's proposals.

SUIT CASE MURDERER IS FOUND

Dr. McCleod of Boston Arrested for Crime.

REPUTABLE PHYSICIAN CHARGED WITH DEATH OF SUSAN GEARY

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PRESIDENT RECEIVES THE PRINCE

Brilliant Functions in Honor of Battenberg.

ARRIVAL AT WHITE HOUSE AN IMPOSING CEREMONY

Not Since Visit of Henry of Prussia Has Foreigner Received Such Distinguished Honors

as Louis.

Washington, Nov. 3.—With great pomp Rear Admiral Prince Louis of Battenberg, was received by the president and Mrs. Roosevelt at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The prince was the bearer of a personal message of good will from King Edward to President Roosevelt and was presented to the president by Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, British ambassador. The presentation was made the occasion of a brilliant reception.

Tonight the British ambassador and Lady Durand gave a state dinner to their distinguished house guest, followed by a large reception and ball. Not since Prince Henry of Prussia was the guest of the German ambassador at Washington has a royal visitor been the recipient of greater honors than those which the British admiral prince has been welcomed to the national capital. Save for the absence of military honors, the prince's entry to the capital today has been invested with as much ceremony as that which made memorable the greeting to the Prussian prince several years ago. This has been the busiest day he has spent since he arrived at Annapolis Wednesday.

Arrival at White House.

Shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon Prince Louis and Sir Mortimer Durand arrived at the White House in the ambassador's open limousine. Following in carriages came the members of the prince's staff. The party was met at the main entrance by the president's military and naval aides and escorted to the blue room, where a distinguished company awaited their arrival. In a few moments the great carved wood doors swung open and the president and Mrs. Roosevelt entered. The prince was escorted by Sir Mortimer Durand and the former immediately delivered the royal message to the president. The prince then presented the members of his staff and the commanding officer of his suite.

Both the president and Mrs. Roosevelt were markedly cordial and hearty in their welcome, the president expressing the hope that every moment of the visit of the British admiral in American waters would prove enjoyable to them. The president recalled the generous hospitality with which American naval officers are always received in British ports. The president and the prince then entered into an earnest talk about various problems of a modern navy. The prince was impressed with the detail and technical knowledge shown by the president in his discussion of various types of warships. The reception lasted about an hour.

Beside Vice President Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks and the cabinet members of the department in his reception room from the army and navy were present. Secretary Bonaparte left the reception early and returned to the navy department to assemble the chiefs of the bureau of the department in his reception room to await the official call of the prince. They were kept waiting for more than an hour, the prince through a misunderstanding having returned to the embassy from the White House.

When he finally arrived, accompanied by his personal staff, he apologized frankly to the secretary and chiefs of bureau and expressed his keen regret for the incident. The prince was noticeably cheered by the employees of the department as he left the building.

Had the weather been clear Sir Mortimer would have taken Prince Louis for a drive over the city. A driving rain set in late in the afternoon and the drive was abandoned, which gave the prince several hours rest before the elaborate state dinner at which ambassador and Lady Durand entertained in his honor tonight.

Thirty-six guests made up the company at the dinner, which included, beside the prince and officers of his party and the embassy staff, Secretary of State and Mrs. Bacon, and Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Oliver.

Three hundred additional guests were invited at 10:30 for the reception and ball.

RAILROAD MEN SAY STRIKE WILL CONTINUE

St. Petersburg, Nov. 3.—All regulations heretofore issued to the newspaper by circular for guidance have been withdrawn, and the chief of the press administration has been prohibited from further issuing such regulations. The decision of the strike committee to call off the strike tomorrow was received with joy by all classes. Railroad men, however, have resolved to continue the strike which entails the continuance of the high prices of provisions. The amnesty proclamation did not appear this morning, and the radicals are impatiently demanding the release of all political prisoners. Count Witte is having trouble in forming a cabinet on account of lack of liberal support.

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CHINESE MASSACRE AMERICANS

Missionaries and Children Slaughtered.

MOB BURNS HOSPITAL SCHOOLS AND RESIDENCES

United States Gunboat Callao Proceeding to Lian Chow to Exact Reparation for Unprovoked Outrage.

Hong Kong, Nov. 3.—Bishop Merel of the Catholic church has received a letter confirming the news of the massacre of American missionaries at Lian Chow and giving the following particulars:

Dr. Machie requested the removal of a street theatre near by the hospital on account of the noise. This request incensed the Chinese, who becoming violent attacked the hospital. The mob then paraded the street exhibiting the skeleton used in the instruction of the medical class and alleging that it was an example of the foreigners' inhumanity to the Chinese people.

Becoming frenzied, the crowd burned the hospital, the girls' school and the residences of the missionaries.

Dr. Machie, Mrs. Machie, their ten-year-old daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Pearle, Dr. Chestnut and Miss Patterson took refuge in a cave. The mob pursued them and killed all except Dr. Machie and Miss Patterson, who escaped to the Yamen. Dr. Machie was badly wounded.

The American gunboat Callao, and two Chinese gunboats with members of the American board of missions are proceeding to the scene of the massacre.

MACHIE NARROWLY ESCAPED KILLING BY BOXERS

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 3.—Mrs. E. C. Machie, whose murder by Chinese at Lianchow is reported from Hong Kong as well as the fact that two brothers-in-law and one sister-in-law were killed, and one sister-in-law living here. The settlement at Lianchow is a Presbyterian mission. Mrs. Machie was 30 years old and the child referred to in many, aged 8 years.

The doctor, Eleanor Chestnut, also said to be murdered, was also known in Cincinnati, where she had visited where home on a furlough. She was from the east. Mr. and Mrs. Pearle were not known in Cincinnati.

During the Boxer outbreak several years ago, when foreigners' lives were worth little in the sight of the Chinese mob bent on murder, Dr. Machie was captured and would have been massacred had it not been that a mandarin, whose life had been saved by Dr. Machie, rescued him.

MISSIONARIES WELL KNOWN IN NEW YORK

New York, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Machie was the wife of Charles E. Machie of Ohio. She was Miss Ellen M. Wood, of Philadelphia. She had a daughter, Elsie, 15 years old. Dr. and Mrs. Machie have been stationed at Lianchow since 1898.

John Rogers Pearle was a new missionary, who sailed from this country last August. He was born in New Bloomfield, Pa., in 1879. He was educated at Lafayette college and the Princeton Theological seminary. He married Miss Gillespie, of Port Deposit, Md., last summer before going to China in August.

In addition to four church buildings, the Lianchow mission, which has 250 native Christians on its roll, has three Sunday schools and three establishments for secular education, one of which is a boarding school with ninety pupils. It also supports a hospital and a dispensary.

CREWS MAY DIE IN THE FROZEN NORTH

WHALING FLEET WILL SURELY BE CRUSHED IN ARCTIC ICE.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 3.—The whaling steamer William Baylies, one of the vessels which escaped the grip of the Arctic ice, arrived here today with over 30,000 pounds of whalebone and the oil from sixteen whales. The value of her cargo is estimated at \$150,000.

Captain Rodfish, of the Baylies, first sent from Alaska the news that the whaling fleet had been caught in the ice. Experienced shipping men here think it impossible for all of the imprisoned vessels to remain intact until the sea opens, and those which do so will have to face the danger of the breaking up of the ice floes in the spring.

BRILLIANT BANQUET ENDS FOUNDER'S DAY

MEN OF NATIONAL PROMINENCE MEET TO HONOR CANNY SCOTT.

Pittsburg, Nov. 3.—The Pittsburg chamber of commerce banquet tonight at the Schenly hotel, which concluded the Founder's day celebration of the Carnegie institute, was an event of national importance, the roster of speakers being the most brilliant in the history of the organization.

Congressman John D. Russell was toastmaster. Three hundred of Pittsburg's representative business and professional men were seated at the banquet table.

The principal speakers were Senator Philander C. Knox, Sir Cheng Tung Jiang Cheng, Chinese minister; General A. W. Greely, commander of the United States signal service, and Melville E. Stone, general manager of the Associated Press.

Three hundred additional guests were invited at 10:30 for the reception and ball.

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